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us up on broken lots, but to  
our stock, for the next ten  
ed upon our bargain counters  
at reserve, that have been  
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\$2.90  
\$1.50, and some even \$5.00.  
\$3.90  
that were \$4.75, \$5.50 and \$6.  
\$5.00  
that were \$7, \$7.50 and \$8.

MAN BROS.,  
Manufacturing Clothiers  
19 WHITEHALL ST.

The Folks Seemed to Like  
LAST SUNDAY'S CONSTITUTION.  
Good! Now Try and be With Us  
NEXT SUNDAY!  
VOL. XXI.  
THAT TARIFF BILL  
Will Delay Adjournment Some  
Weeks Longer.

LAMBERT TREE GOES TO RUSSIA.  
Senator Beck is said to be quite sick.  
The Effect of the Maine Election  
Other Washington News.

WASHINGTON, September 11.—[Special.]—  
The opinion of the democrats today is that  
they will be unable to agree upon anything  
definite in regard to adjournment at the caucus  
to be held this week, on account of the notice  
from the republicans of the senate finance  
committee today that they would be unable to  
report a tariff bill in two weeks yet.

As everything connected with adjournment  
hinges on the senate's tariff bill, the dem-  
ocrats cannot yet well outline any definite ad-  
journment policy. There are numbers of  
democrats, both senators and representatives,  
who do not believe the republicans are very  
earnest about their tariff bill. The republic-  
ans are, however, still emphatic in saying  
that they will report a tariff bill this session.  
They are in a position where they are com-  
pelled to do something, but it still seems that  
they cannot agree.

THE RETALIATION BILL.  
The retaliation bill which passed the house  
last Saturday reached the senate foreign re-  
lations committee today. It will be taken up  
for consideration tomorrow. Senator Sher-  
man, chairman of the committee, says he does  
not know exactly when the committee will  
report, but there will be no unnecessary delay.  
There will be some debate on the bill when it  
comes up in the senate, but it will eventually  
pass and the president will get the power he  
asks, not because the republicans like to  
accommodate him, but because they are com-  
pelled to.

THE MAINE ELECTION.  
Mr. Forney, of Alabama, said today in  
speaking of the Maine election: "It will bring  
about an adjournment of congress in two or  
three weeks. The result will give the repub-  
licans confidence to go before the country with  
the issue as it now stands, without trying any  
tariff reduction. That's the way I look at it."

SENATOR BECK'S HEALTH.  
Disquieting rumors are current with regard  
to the health of Senator Beck, who has been  
at Fort Monroe since the middle of last  
week. Inquiry among his friends developed  
the fact that in compliance with the advice of  
his physicians, he has decided not to return to  
his duties in the senate until next season. It  
is reported that he is threatened with an af-  
fection of the heart, for which quiet and retire-  
ment are deemed essential.

He is a member of the tariff sub-committee  
of the finance committee of the senate, and  
being the leader of his party in financial and  
politic-economic matters, is expected to pre-  
pare the minority report on the tariff bill. He  
is universally esteemed, and wishes for his  
speedy restoration to health and activity are  
as heartily expressed by his political oppo-  
nents as by his party friends.

A NEW MINISTER.  
The president today nominated Lambert  
Tree, of Illinois, now extraordinary and minis-  
ter plenipotentiary to Belgium, to be envoy  
extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary  
of the United States to Russia, vice George V.  
N. Lohr, resigned. E. W. B.

THE SENATE'S WAY  
Of Rushing Appropriation Bills Through—  
The Omnibus Bill.  
WASHINGTON, September 11.—The house  
amendment to the senate bill for a pension to  
the widow of General McIntosh (reducing the  
amount from \$100 to \$75 a month) was  
non-concurred in and a conference ordered.

Mr. Sherman, from the committee on finance,  
reported the senate bill to declare unlawful  
trusts and combinations in restraint of trade  
and production.

The house bill for the allowance of certain  
claims reported by accounting officers of the  
treasury (known as the Fourth of July claims)  
was taken from the calendar and passed.

Mr. Blair moved to declare the calendar  
closed for the session, and in the meantime  
to consider the vote passing the bill, and commented  
in a satirical manner upon the rapidity with  
which the senate bill, (amounting to \$100,000) had  
been passed by the senate, comparing it with  
fifteen minutes by the clock. He alluded to  
it as an instance of "unfettered disregard of  
duty on the part of congress," which can be  
properly signified by another department of  
the government.

In the course of a debate which fol-  
lowed, Mr. Harris moved to refer the bill to the  
committee on claims (Spencer), as to an-  
other of these claims bills passed by the house  
many months ago and referred to that com-  
mittee.

Mr. Spencer replied that the bill in ques-  
tion came from the house, appropriated \$105,  
000, but amendments had been offered to it  
by senators until now aggregated \$400,000.  
The committee on claims had referred the  
bill to himself, and he had looked into  
several of the claims in the bill, and found that  
the findings of court were not sustained by the tes-  
timony. He could not, therefore, report such  
claims to the senate. He had found that over  
\$45,000 claims for army supplies had been re-  
jected by the committee on department and  
over \$100 by the committee on department and  
over a vast number by the southern claims  
committee. And many of these rejected  
claims had gone before the senate and had  
been reported favorably upon and were  
embraced in the bill before the  
committee. He informed the senate that this  
was the first of similar bills, the average  
of similar bills that would involve from  
\$15,000,000 to \$20,000,000. He understands  
that the senate has been told that the bills  
formally reported in the house of representa-  
tives and were now on the calendar. So that  
it behooved the senate and its committee  
to take care on such bills. Nearly all of  
rejected claims had found their way, or would  
find their way, under the Bourne act, to the  
court of claims. He desired to say that unless  
otherwise ordered by the senate he would pro-  
ceed, as he had been proceeding, to examine  
each case on its merits, and that if examina-  
tion were not finished until next session, the  
bill would not be reported till next session.

The senate then, at 3 o'clock, resumed con-  
sideration of China's exclusion bill, as ad-  
dressed by Mr. Stewart in advocacy of it.  
Messrs. Teller, Hoar and George also spoke  
upon the bill, and then it went over till to-  
morrow without action.

MR. PLUMB OFFERED A RESOLUTION (which  
was adopted) requesting the president to transmit  
to the senate all the correspondence and com-  
munications concerning the recent Chinese tariff  
between the state department and the Ameri-  
can minister to China, or any other repre-  
sentative or agent of the United States in China;  
elsewhere.

MR. BLOUNT'S WARNING.  
He Shows the House Something Which Must  
be Carefully Considered.  
WASHINGTON, September 11.—Immediately  
after the reading of the journal, the house re-  
turned consideration of sundry civil appropri-  
ation bill, the pending amendment being that  
relative to reclamation of arid regions.

house made its expenditures on a moderate  
scale the judgment of the country  
would be one of scorn and contempt.  
Finally, after some debate, on motion of  
Mr. Bland, of Missouri, the appropriation in  
the senate amendment was reduced from  
\$250,000 to \$100,000. Mr. Bland, of Mis-  
souri, then offered a substitute for the senate  
amendment providing that the necessary ex-  
penses for carrying on the work of survey  
shall be paid from the appropriation for to-  
pographic survey of the United States, and  
suspending the operation of the desert land  
during the pendency in congress of legis-  
lation looking to its repeal. Vote resulted  
yeas 61, nays 73, no quorum, and the house  
at 4:30 adjourned.

HE WILL SURELY HANG.  
The Brave Stand of Governor Waterman in  
the Case of a Murderer.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., September 11.—[Spe-  
cial.]—Young Alex. Jack Goldenson, the  
hoodlum murderer of little Mamie Kelly, will  
hang without fail on Friday next. The Golden-  
son's lawyers obtained an order from Probate  
Judge Coffey for a jury to decide on Wednes-  
day whether the condemned youth is insane  
or not. Yesterday the lawyers interviewed  
Governor Waterman at Santa Cruz and begged  
for a month's respite. Waterman became  
indignant, and has been most annoyed by  
Goldenson's rapine, and said:  
"I would hang him tomorrow if I could, to  
end the matter. He is nothing but a licentious  
murderer and killed the poor girl because her  
voluptuous appearance awakened a libertine's  
desires in him, and because she would not sub-  
mit to his unholy wishes."

In conversation with a reporter, Governor  
Waterman said: "I have investigated this case  
thoroughly. I went to the school Mamie  
Kelly attended and found a number of  
teachers and scholars. I have learned that  
\$25,000 has been offered to any lawyer who  
would convict Goldenson. I have learned that  
to imprisonment for life. Attorneys have  
threatened me by saying the Jewish vote  
would go against me. I don't care if all the  
Jewish vote of election day is against me. I  
intend to do just what is right and legal, but  
I know the threat to be a lie, as many leading  
Jews have come to me and asked to have  
Goldenson hanged. If the people of California  
if the people of California should come two by  
two up to Sacramento and kneel down and beg  
me to let him go, I would not let him go. It is an  
unpardonable offense, and he shall be hanged."

The condemned youth still preserves his  
bravado and ridicules the attempt of his  
mother and lawyers to secure a reprieve on  
the insanity plea. The sheriff, backed by the  
governor's refusal to interfere, will not permit  
Goldenson to be taken out on election day.  
When the prisoner leaves the cell, the con-  
demned cell it will be to go to the gallows.  
The jailers believe Goldenson will weaken,  
and will not resist the execution. The people  
of placing the noose around his own neck.

THE STORM IN NORTH CAROLINA.  
Great Damage Reported—Railroad Washouts  
and Injury to Crops.

RALEIGH, N. C., September 11.—[Special.]—  
Today was the first bright day since September  
came in, and there is now time to look back  
and see the disaster wrought by rains and  
floods. Over nine inches of rain fell here dur-  
ing the month, and at some points over a foot.  
The heavy rain, which began on Sunday  
night, when nearly three inches fell. Yester-  
day the streams were raging in the up country.  
Last night the floods are in lower parts of rivers.  
Two night two special to Atlanta could not  
be sent away, as the wires were down. Com-  
munication by sea and land is almost com-  
pletely stopped, also much travel on the country roads.  
The damage already wrought by the flood is  
tremendous.

Between Winston and Greensboro, whole  
fields of growing crops are under water, bridges  
are washed away and timber washed into the  
streets. The train from Raleigh to Goldsboro,  
so it came back to Raleigh and Goldsboro  
and took the Coast Line track to Rich-  
mond.

The trouble between Reldsville and Greens-  
boro is at Reldsville, where, for over three  
miles, the track is covered with water. It is  
not known what amount of damage to the  
track has been done.

The washout which occurred on the Caro-  
lina Central railroad, six miles beyond Shelby,  
has been repaired and this evening trains ran  
through as usual.

Judge Fowle was forced to return here this  
morning. He is to be paid for his expenses  
owing to impassable streams. To add to the  
trouble the bridge at Walnut Cove, on the  
Cape Fear river, was washed away, and the  
train was forced to stop. Judge Fowle will  
not be able to leave here and return home  
until Friday, when he will go to Winston.

One deplorable result of long continued  
rains is cotton seed sprouting in the fields.  
Even leaves have begun to rot, and the cot-  
ton bolls have in some cases attained a con-  
siderable growth. It is feared that a large  
quantity of cotton in the fields in the Lauren-  
burg section is in a similar condition and it  
is feared that much damage will result to the  
staple from this source.

The wind at Wilmington yesterday blew a  
gale at one time reaching a mean velocity of  
forty-eight miles per hour. The consequence  
was a remarkably high flood tide in the Cape Fear  
river, the highest yet known. The river was  
over five feet above high water mark, caused  
by winds blowing with the tide up the river  
and its meeting of the freshest rushing down  
from the upper river. There is an extensive  
washout on the recently completed railway  
between Durham and Oxford. It is near  
Durham and has been reported as being  
out over that line; otherwise cars from Atlanta  
could go north that way.

POLITICS IN SOUTH CAROLINA.  
The Outlook From a Democratic Standpoint  
—The Second District.

CHARLESTON, S. C., September 11.—[Spe-  
cial.]—The democratic state convention having  
met and renominated all the present state  
officers in the face of considerable opposition,  
the fight is now relegated to the congressional  
districts.

All the democratic district conventions have  
met except the fifth (Perry), the seventh  
(Elliot), the eighth (Dibble), and the second  
(Tillman), the present incumbents being re-  
nominated. Elliot and Dibble have no oppo-  
sition. Perry is opposed by Duncan, and Tillman  
by Aldrich and Henderson.

The fight will be lively. There is another  
aspect to the fight, however, that looks pro-  
mising. An independent candidate for the  
state senate has appeared in Ocean county  
and he will probably be elected. The republi-  
cans will make a desperate fight in the  
first, third, seventh and probably in  
several other districts. Thus far but one non-  
incumbent has been elected, and he is a republi-  
can in the third district. In the seventh there  
are several candidates in the field, and the dem-  
ocratic ticket is not so great a repulse. The  
doubtless will doubtless make a winning.  
The republican state executive committee  
met this week and then put up electoral col-  
lectors in each district. They will concentrate  
their strength on electoral tickets.

THE WHISKY RING.  
New York, September 11.—The annual  
convention of the National Protective association  
has been adjourned. The organization is com-  
posed of the spirit distillers of the United States  
and has about 80 members, who represent about \$152,  
000,000 of whisky. John M. Albright, of Ken-  
ucky, is president, and C. Turner, of St. Louis,  
is secretary. The purpose of the convention is to  
consider the proposed amendment to the consti-  
tution which would prohibit the manufacture  
of whisky, and to consider the amendment which  
would be applicable to all branches of the trade and which  
will be presented to the public for approval. The  
association is composed of "whisky" distillers only,  
yet the retail dealer of the city have been invited  
to attend.

HARRISON'S LETTER.  
The Republican Nominee Makes  
His Bow,  
AND REVIEWS CAMPAIGN MATTERS.

The Tariff Question Discussed at Length—  
A Letter Noted for Particular  
Strength.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., September 11.—The fol-  
lowing is General Harrison's letter accepting  
the republican presidential nomination:  
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., September 11, 1888.—To Hon.  
M. N. ELLIOT and other committee members: Gentlemen:  
When your committee visited me on the  
fourth of July last, and presented the official  
announcement of my nomination to the presidency  
of the United States by the republican conven-  
tion, I promised as soon as practicable to communicate  
to you a more formal acceptance of the nomination.  
Since that time the duties of a republican presi-  
dential candidate have been the subject of my  
thoughts almost daily. The large delegations of my fellow  
citizens have not only occupied all of my time, but  
has, in some measure, rendered it unnecessary for  
me to issue a letter as a medium of communicating  
to the public my views upon the questions involved  
in the campaign. I appreciate very highly the con-  
fidence and respect manifested by the convention  
in electing me to the honor of representing the republi-  
can party, and I am fully conscious of the great  
responsibilities which are now upon me.

It is a matter of congratulation that the decla-  
ration of the republican convention upon the ques-  
tions that now attract the interest of our people  
are so clear and emphatic. There is a further  
cause of congratulation in the fact that the con-  
vention has adopted a platform which is in every  
degree certain and unambiguous, and can now be  
judged and interpreted by the executive acts and  
messages, and by the definite propositions in legis-  
lation. This is especially true of what is known as  
the tariff question.

The issue cannot now be obscured. It is not a  
content between schools, but between two great  
principles. Foreign competitors of our market have,  
with quick instinct, seen how one issue of this con-  
test may bring them advantage, and our own peo-  
ple have seen how one issue of this contest may  
bring them disadvantage. The tariff question is  
not a question of expediency, but a question of  
principle. It is a question of the right of our  
people to the fruits of their own industry, and of  
the right of our people to the fruits of their own  
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core advocacy. The legislation prohibiting the im-  
portation of laborers under contracts to serve here  
will, however, afford very inadequate relief to our  
people. The present system of protective duties  
is broken down. The products of a laboring class  
must compete in the American market, without fa-  
voring duties, with the products of cheap foreign  
labor, and the result will be a ruinous competition  
for the American market. If, at all, only in de-  
gree, whether the cheap labor is across the street  
or over the street. Such competition will only re-  
duce wages here to the level of those abroad, and  
when that condition is reached we will not need  
any laws forbidding the importation of laborers  
under contract—they will have no inducement to  
come, and the employer no inducement to send for  
them.

In the earlier years of our history,  
PUBLIC AGENCIES TO PROMOTE IMMIGRATION  
were common. The pioneer wanted a neighbor  
with more friendly instincts than the Indian. Labor  
was scarce and fully employed. But the day of  
the immigration bureau has gone by. While our  
doors will continue open to proper immigration, we  
must need to issue special invitations to inhabitants  
of other countries to come to our shores or to share  
our citizenship. Indeed the necessity of some in-  
spection and limitation is obvious. We should  
send their lepers and criminals to other shores,  
and we should send their paupers to other shores.  
We are also clearly under duty to defend our civi-  
lization by excluding alien races whose ultimate  
aim is to displace our people. It is neither possible  
nor desirable. The family home is the nucleus of  
our best immigration and the home the most potent  
assimilating force in our civilization.

Objections to Chinese Immigration are distinctive  
and conclusive, and are now so generally accepted  
as such that the question has passed entirely beyond  
the stage of controversy. The laws relating to the  
subject would, if I should be charged with their  
enforcement, be faithfully executed. Such amend-  
ments or further legislation as may be necessary and  
proper to prevent evasions of the laws and to stop  
further Chinese immigration would also meet my  
approval. The expression of the convention upon  
this subject is in entire harmony with my views.

Our civil service compact with a government by  
majorities, and the law flows its sanction and the  
magistrate respect when this compact is broken.  
The civil service compact is a compact between the  
people and the government. It is a compact which  
themselves upon voters who are reassured of their  
rightful influence in public affairs. The individual  
community, or party, that practices or connives  
at election frauds, has suffered irreparable injury  
and will sooner or later realize that to exchange the  
control of a municipality for the control of a nation  
is not only unlawful and unparliamentary but very  
unsafe for those who promote it. The disfranchise-  
ment of a single legal elector by fraud is a crime  
in a crime too grave to be regarded lightly. The  
right to have one's vote counted must not be ques-  
tioned. Every constitutional power should be used to  
prevent the frauds which are now being practiced  
in the commonwealth. The right to have one's  
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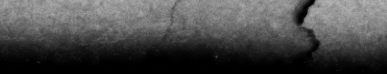














**A Call For Volunteers.**  
We ask for six Christian women to take charge of Bands of Hope among the children of Atlanta. "Come to the help of the Lord against the mighty." Address, Mrs. E. C. Witter, 47 East Simpson street, Atlanta, Ga.

C. C. Nichols says: "I was standing near the avalanche steps when I saw Captain Jackson carry up the steps. He was followed at some distance by Mr. Hoke Smith and Mr. Renfro. I supposed there would be a fight and I ran up and got to the door by the time Captain Jack-

whether it drop from his hand. I do not know whether the pistol dropped from Mr. Smith having grabbed at his hand, or through fear. The man was simply paralyzed with fear. As I struck him he fell to his knees, and dropped his pistol and threw both his hands over his head. I struck him again and he

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To smoke a Paradise is the dream of the average man—take the Grand Republic Cigarro route for well Marguerite," "Picture of Home," with transportation effects.











## ROYAL BAKING POWDER.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the adulterated low cost weight loss or adulterated powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., New York.

At Wholesale by H. A. Boynton Wyly & Greene, Atlanta, Ga.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

## DIAMONDS!

Large additions have been made to our stock of diamonds during the past week, and we are now showing our unusually attractive stock of loose and mounted stones.

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW, Jewelers, 31 Whitehall St. top 1st col 5p.

## THE ESTEY PIANO

Is rapidly becoming

Most Popular Instrument

Of the present day.

## SEE THEM.

CORNER BROAD AND MARIETTA ST

1st col 5th.

44 Marietta St.

"B. L. F."

On Monday morning we will open up fifty different patterns of "Brotherhood" badges and charms.

We have also in stock a large variety of watches in silver, gold and gold filled cases that are especially adapted to your business. Come in and see us. We are right under the hall, where your convention meets.

J. R. WATTS & CO., Jewelers and Opticians, OPPOSITE THE OPERA HOUSE. 1st col 5p on freckers.

## TENTS!

Manufactured by A. ERGENZUELER, 12 E. Hunter, Atlanta, Ga. top

## THE LARGEST

## STOCK

## WATCHES

AND

LOWEST PRICES.

## Diamonds

J. P. STEVENS & BRO., 47 WHITEHALL STREET.

PILES, FISTULA AND ALL RECTAL DISEASES treated by a painless process. No loss of time from business. No knife, ligature or caustic. A RADICAL CURE guaranteed in every case treated. Reference given.

DR. R. G. JACKSON, Office 42 1/2 Whitehall Street, Atlanta.

on with

Frank X. Bliley, F. R. Thomas

FRANK X. BILEY & CO., FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS, No. 61 Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 780. 1st col 8p on weather.

## Sealed Proposals.

ARE INVITED FOR THE ELECTION OF A school building by the town of Harmony Grove, Ga., until the 20th day of September, 1888, at noon. Plans and specifications may be seen on application to the undersigned. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

R. L. HARDMAN, Mayor. signed 1st

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Representative. MR. CLARK HOWELL, JR., is announced as a candidate for election to the house of representatives, subject to the democratic primary to be held September 12th.

The friends of Captain HARRY JACKSON announce him as a candidate for the Legislature from Fulton county, subject to ratification by the Democratic Primary on September 12th, 1888.

We are authorized to announce the name of W. V. VENABLE as a candidate for the Legislature from Fulton county, subject to the democratic nomination.

JAMES F. O'NEILL is announced as a candidate for the house of representatives from Fulton county, subject to a democratic primary on September 12th, 1888.

I announce myself a candidate for the Legislature, subject to the democratic primary, September 12, 1888. W. J. GARRITT. Sep. 12th

## Pay Your City Tax

Now and avoid the great rush in the last few days. You can now be waited on with some ease and satisfaction. Don't wait longer.

R. J. GRIFFIN, C. T. C.

## THE PRIMARY.

## Five Candidates in the Race For the Legislature.

All White Democrats Can Vote—A Complete List of the Voting Places and Managers of the Election.

The primary election to-day for the nomination of representatives to the lower house of the general assembly promises to be one of the most interesting political fights in the history of Fulton county.

There are just five candidates. Messrs. Clark Howell, Jr., William H. Venable, James F. O'Neil, Henry Jackson and W. J. Garrett.

Three of these gentlemen will be nominated. Their names will appear in tomorrow's Constitution.

The people should remember that all white democrats whose names appear upon the last local option registration list—and all white democrats who are qualified to vote for state officers have a right to vote in the primary to-day.

Bear this in mind. All white democrats have a right to vote in the democratic primary to-day.

It is not necessary to be registered to vote in this primary.

You must register in order to vote in an election—but you can vote in a primary nomination without registering.

The object of the primary today is simply to nominate three candidates for the legislature. Vote in the ward in which you live.

Vote in the county precinct in which you live.

Don't forget this.

The following are the voting places and managers for today's primary:

Voting Places.

First ward—Corner Broad and Mitchell streets.

Second ward—County courthouse.

Third ward—Corner Pryor and East Fair streets.

Fourth ward—Corner Bell and Decatur streets.

Fifth ward—Junction of Marietta and Walton streets.

Sixth ward—Corner Wheat and North Pryor streets.

The Managers.

First ward—G. H. Tanner, J. P. H. Flock, J. L. Richmond.

Second ward—W. R. Brown, Dick Adair, W. A. Haygood.

Third ward—D. A. Beattie, A. J. Haygood, H. T. Connally.

Fourth ward—John Stephens, Howell C. Erwin, John Gattis.

Fifth ward—A. A. Manning, J. R. Albert, W. H. Bell.

Sixth ward—S. H. Landrum, J. P. A. L. Holbrooks, Thomas Fitzgerald.

East Point—Edna Nebello, M. E. Walker, William Love.

Bryant's—J. M. McGhee, J. P. Tucker, John Fann.

Adamsville—A. Wilson, J. P. Charles Thompson, H. P. Collins.

Fall Line—J. A. Casey, J. P. W. J. Spinks, J. M. Moore.

Buckhead—M. D. Lay, J. P. S. H. Donalson, W. R. Howell.

Cook's—W. C. Horton, J. P. J. D. Collins, J. M. Calhoun.

Peachtree—James Walker, J. P. J. S. Smith, J. F. Walker.

Edgewood—J. P. McDonald, J. P. Will Hender.

South End—Adam Poole, C. W. Wells.

West End—J. C. Daniel, O. I. Culberson, J. W. Stokes.

Oak Grove—B. F. Burdett, J. P. W. C. Austin, J. S. Board.

All Pits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and \$2.00 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

LADIES—GENTLEMEN.

Dyspepsia and Fellow Citizens.

The market seems to have an upward tendency on all staple groceries, especially on lard, and while this increase is going on we would suggest that you must look to the quality of lard you are buying, and should you have poor bread, it might be your lard. We sell nothing but the very purest lard, such as Hughes & Taggart's pure lard. Both are absolutely pure and we guarantee every pound sold. We have just received a fresh lot of lard, only 25 cents per dozen. Monday and Tuesday we will receive a fresh lot of Dove and Ferris Pig hams. Come early, as they only stay a few hours. Every second day we receive 20 pounds of Dr. Alexander's pure Ayer'shire and Jersey butter. Another shipment of fancy cooking lard, Citron and Currants will arrive on Tuesday, prices right.

If you want a bulk of lard as fine as the best, call and examine our grades, either by the quart or gallon.

Oysters are now in R they soon will be, and if you want fresh Boston Butter Crackers, you must call on us.

In a few days we will have an extra quality, pure Vermont Maple Syrup in stock. For one week we will sell our famous Riano Coffee to those who have never used it for the low price of 30 cents per pound. Just for one week.

This week fresh arrival of White Wheat, Graham Flour, Kenosha Extra Wheat Flour, A. B. and C. Omeal and Pure Rye Flour.

All our cereals are from the Schumacher Milling Co. Call and see us and save twenty per cent.

HOYT & THORN, 90 Whitehall St.

From lands of snow to lands of sun, The L. & N. through coaches run. For particulars, address C. P. Amore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

On account of holiday our store will be closed Saturday, September 15th, until 6 p. m. Eisenman Bros. Wed. Thurs. Fri.

## ELEVEN GOLD WATCHES

Were Drawn Out of the J. P. Stevens & Bro.'s Watch Club.

On Tuesday, and the following are the numbers:

Club No. 1, member No. 2.

Club No. 2, member No. 3.

Club No. 3, member No. 24.

Club No. 4, member No. 35.

Club No. 5, member No. 42.

Club No. 6, member No. 41.

Club No. 7, member No. 13.

Club No. 8, member No. 42.

Club No. 9, member No. 25.

Club No. 10, member No. 42.

Club No. 11, member No. 6.

Club No. 12 is now forming, and will draw next Tuesday, and now get a gold watch \$1 a week; no installment plan. H. R. Cataldi, Manager.

Cuba is styled "the Queen of the Antilles" and the home of the Republics of Cigars and Buffos. No money business about that. Sold by all reliable dealers.

To the Public.

I am a candidate for representative and want the support of my fellow citizens.

My platform is—

1. I am in favor of changing the "local option" law.

2. I am opposed to the sale of the State road, and in favor of leasing the same to the State.

3. I am in favor of a distinct and competitive system.

4. I am against all monopolies of trusts, because they are hurtful to public enterprise and legitimate business and the welfare of the people.

5. I am in favor of the Georgia, Marietta and North Georgia railroad into Atlanta.

6. I will vigorously oppose any change in the paying law of the city, as the same depends entirely on the consent and co-operation of parties directly interested.

7. I am in no combination, and have not received the endorsement of any faction or organization in the democratic party.

8. I am running on my own merits, and I think that the fact that I was born and reared in Atlanta is a sufficient guarantee that I will be faithful to her interest.

W. H. VENABLE.

The Rev. Dr. E. H. Barnett, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, having returned, his people, as well as his numerous friends, will have great pleasure in meeting him at the weekly prayer meeting on Wednesday night, 7:30 o'clock. Let every one that can possibly come be on hand to welcome some their beloved pastor.

Read our advertisement today. D. H. Dougherty & Co.

## AN IMPORTANT CASE.

## Comptroller Wright's Witness, Turned Back By a Big Washout.

Comptroller General Wright, who started for Savannah yesterday to testify in the case of Jesse Robson, former tax collector, did not reach his destination, but got only as far as Tomahawk on the Central road, where he was stopped by a washout, ninety feet long, and about thirty-five feet deep.

Colonel Wright returned to the city yesterday.

In answer to a question yesterday, Colonel Wright said in substance:

"You see attachment, were served upon Tom Hardop, myself by the sheriff of Washington county to go to that county and appear as witness in the case of Jesse Robson, the former tax collector of Washington. Having no one to leave in charge of the treasury to transact the public business, Colonel Hardeman could not go. But I started in obedience to the summons."

"Can you tell me something about the case?"

"Yes, sir. You see Mr. Robson was the tax collector of Washington county in 1886. He defaulted, and the books showed in my office against him about \$2,600. I issued a. f. a. for that sum. Robson's securities settled the. f. a. and he transferred to them."

"As I understand it, the securities are now prosecuting him. I know that the grand jury found a true bill against him for embezzlement."

"The case, I think, was called last spring, and my recollection is that Robson was not on hand."

"He came to Atlanta about that time. He stated that he came in answer to a telegram telling him that there was some money for him in the treasury office. He claimed that this money had been stolen from his safe and that the theft had caused him to default. The person who robbed his safe, he said, heard that Robson was in deep trouble and sent part of the stolen money back with the promise of settling the balance. But the time that he was issued against Robson he did not set up the defense that the safe had been robbed. That is my recollection of the facts of the case."

It is presumed that the case will not be tried until the waters recede, and Sandersville shall be once more accessible by rail, as the comptroller-general will be an important witness.

If you want to grow rich, live within your means and smoke Grand Republic Cigars and Buffos, sold by all reliable dealers.

## Read our advertisement today. D. H. Dougherty &amp; Co.

## For Sale Cheap

The debris of a storehouse and dwelling burned at the corner of Calhoun and Harris streets, consisting of lumber and 3,500 bricks, for sale cheap.

JACOB ELSAS.

Take Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway when you start west. Good equipment and thorough service. Address W. L. Dauley, G. P. A., Nashville, Tenn.

## FOR SALE

22 Second-hand Safes of nearly all makes, sizes and prices.

R. J. WILES, 15 Whitehall street, Atlanta.

I say, Charlie, why is it that the Grand Republic Cigars and Buffos have such a big run?—No mistake. Sold by all reliable dealers.

## THE WEATHER REPORT

INDICATIONS FOR GEORGIA.

Local rains, warmer, variable winds.

Observer's Office, Signal Service, U. S. A.

UNITED STATES CUSTOM HOUSE, ATLANTA, September 11—7 p. m.

All observations taken at the same moment of actual time at each station.

Observations taken at 8 p. m. Seventy-fifth Meridian time.

STATIONS.

Fort Rains.....21.00 78° E Light T Fair.

Mobile.....30.00 74° S Light T Fair.

Monterey.....3.00 82° S Calm T Clear.

New Orleans.....50.00 80° S E 6 T Fair.

Gallatin.....30.00 80° S E 10 T Fair.

Palestine.....30.00 82° S E 6 T Clear.

Pensacola.....30.00 80° S E 6 T Fair.

Corpus Christi.....27.00 78° S E 6 T Cloudy.

Brownsville.....30.00 74° E 8 T Cloudy.

Rio Grande.....30.00 74° N E Light T Cloudy.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

(Central Time.)

TIME OF OBSERVATION.

7 a. m.....30.11 69° NE 8 T Clear.

7 p. m.....43.00 70° NW 6 T Clear.

Maximum Thermometer.....85

Minimum Thermometer.....60

Total Rainfall.....0.00

Cotton Belt Bulletin.

Observations taken at 6 p. m.—Seventy-fifth meridian time.

ATLANTA DISTRICT.

Atlanta, Ga.....86.00 0.00

Cantonville, Ga.....86.00 0.00

Chattanooga, Tenn.....86.00 0.00

Gainesville, Ga.....86.00 0.00

Greenville, S. C.....86.00 0.00

Macoon, Ga.....86.00 0.00

Norfolk, Va.....86.00 0.00

Sparksburg, Md.....86.00 0.00

West Point, Ga.....86.00 0.00

Sergeant Signal Corps U. S. Army.

Note.—Barometer reduced to sea level.

\*Trace.

## Every Case Guaranteed

## BEWARE OF THE KNIFE,

## Ye Poor Sufferers of Rectal Diseases.

But come and investigate the merits of a perfectly painless system of RECTAL TREATMENT, as practiced by the victim of the cruel system under the hands of the knife, which either kills right out or makes the victim of the cruel system suffer the pains of the damned while life lasts.

I have been under my treatment for nearly four years, and I can testify to the fact that I am now in perfect health, and I can testify to the fact that I am now in perfect health, and I can testify to the fact that I am now in perfect health.

The same happy results have accompanied my treatment for all other rectal diseases.

## FISTULA IN ANO.

This dreaded bugbear yields like a charm to a perfectly painless procedure which has never failed to cure when patiently persevered in, undisturbed by intermediaries. I extend a cordial invitation to some of the victims of this specialty, and to have the endorsement of many of our best citizens, to some of which I have been known for nearly forty years.

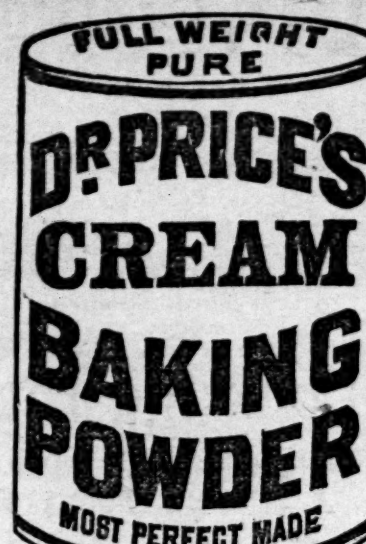
Notice.

M. L. LICHTENSTADT, M. D.

Specialist in Rectal Diseases by the Brinkerhoff system, room No. 2, Commercial building.

Correspondence solicited.

## DR. PRICE'S



Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest and Most Healthful. Dr. Price's is the only Baking Powder that does not contain Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in Cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, 5 or 8 1/2 and 17 m.

For Weak NERVES, KIDNEYS, BAD BLOOD, Nervous Prostration, DYSPEPSIA, and all Languid or Debilitated Conditions.

For Loss of NERVE POWER from what ever cause, FEEBLENESS from old age, WEAKNESS from Excesses, in stages of Puberty or Change of Life, INVIGORINE regulates, strengthens & cures.

PRICE \$1.00. Sold by your Druggist, or by B. M. WOOLLEY & CO., Atlanta, Ga.

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## Geographical News.

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